

Older Women's Labor Force Participation Rates by Age, Race, and Ethnicity, 1990–2014 (%)

Year	Non-Hispanic White	African American	Hispanic
55–61			
1990	52.6	48.6	43.7
1995	57.7	53.7	41.4
2000	58.5	53.9	44.4
2005	64.2	58.9	53.7
2010	67.6	61.1	57.6
2011	67.4	59.7	57.0
2012	67.5	58.8	56.1
2013	66.4	59.3	55.7
2014	65.8	60.0	55.3
62+			
1990	12.2	13.4	11.7
1995	12.5	11.7	11.0
2000	12.8	12.5	10.5
2005	16.3	15.9	13.4
2010	19.9	18.3	18.3
2011	20.3	19.2	18.4
2012	20.1	19.9	18.5
2013	20.6	20.5	18.1
2014	20.8	20.0	18.7
62–64			
1990	31.1	29.2	28.0
1995	33.3	31.0	26.0
2000	34.8	27.6	23.7
2005	41.2	36.7	31.5
2010	46.9	37.7	40.9
2011	46.6	37.0	38.4
2012	45.5	40.5	38.2
2013	46.3	41.2	39.8
2014	46.8	38.3	39.2
65–69			
1990	17.3	17.9	12.0
1995	18.6	14.4	11.6
2000	19.6	18.1	14.7
2005	24.6	22.0	16.1
2010	27.8	24.0	24.1
2011	28.0	26.4	24.8
2012	28.4	26.1	24.1
2013	28.7	25.2	21.2
2014	28.6	25.7	21.7
70+			
1990	4.7	5.5	4.3
1995	5.6	4.6	3.6
2000	5.8	5.2	3.4
2005	7.1	6.8	6.1
2010	8.5	8.5	7.4
2011	8.6	8.1	7.4
2012	8.5	8.5	7.5
2013	9.1	9.6	8.0
2014	9.3	9.4	8.1

Source: Urban Institute Program on Retirement Policy calculations from the Current Population Survey (CPS), http://thedataweb.rm.census.gov/ftp/cps_ftp.html, averaged over all 12 months of the calendar year.

Note: The labor force participation rate is the share of the civilian noninstitutionalized population that is working or looking for work.